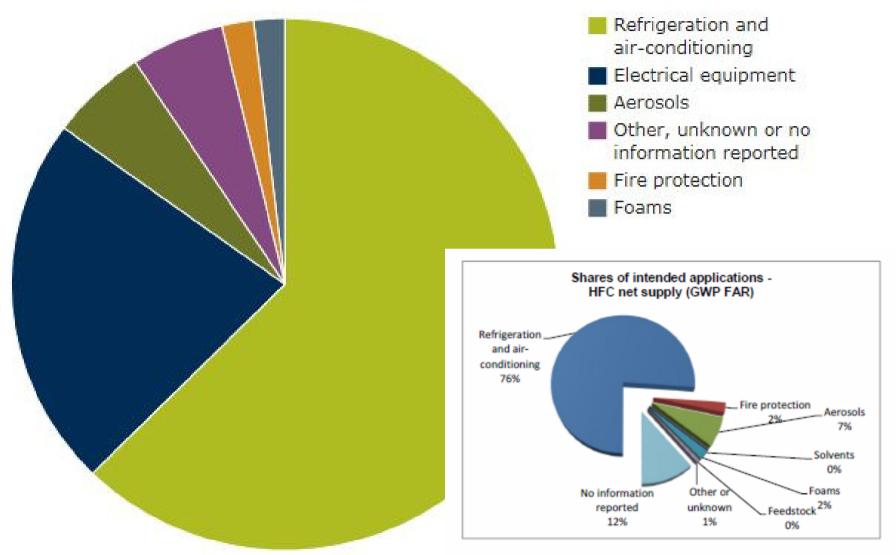


Implementing the new EU Regulation on F-Gases

Arno Kaschl
European Commission – DG Climate Action
EPEE – 26 March 2014



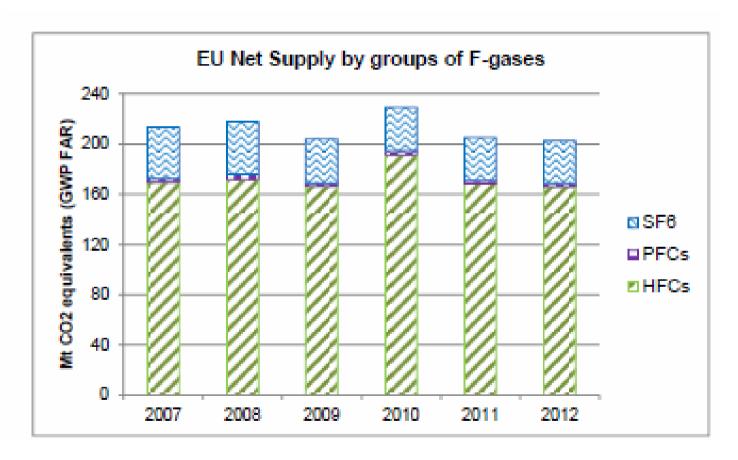
Mt CO2-equivalents (GWP FAR) — Percentages of the main intended applications of fluorinated gases (F-gases) sales, as reported by companies



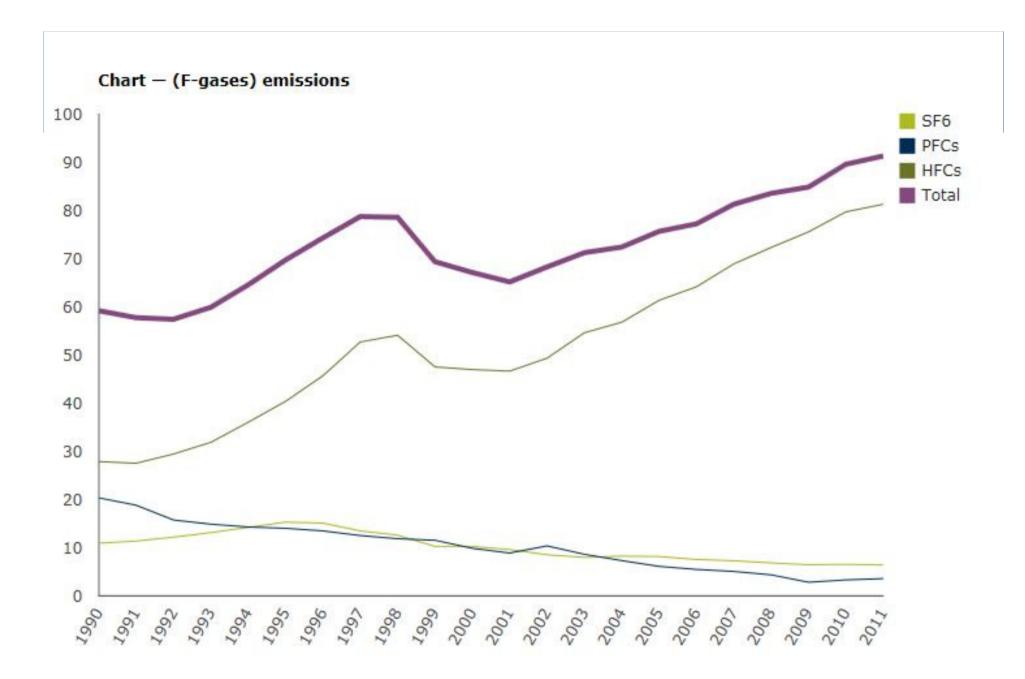
Source: European Environmental Agency, 2014

http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/emissions-and-consumption-of-fluorinated/assessment





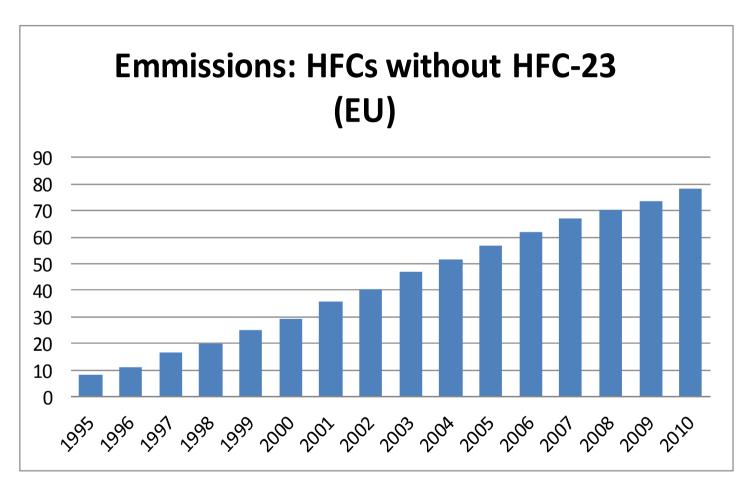
Source: European Environmental Agency, 2014 http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/emissions-and-consumption-of-fluorinated/assessment



Source: European Environmental Agency, 2014

http://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/indicators/emissions-and-consumption-of-fluorinated/assessment





Source: Based on Greenhouse gas viewer, EEA (UNFCCC reporting data)



New Regulation



The legislative process

- 7 November 2012: Commission proposal to Council and European Parliament
- 16 December 2013: Agreement reached after 4 informal trialogue meetings
- 12 March 2014: Adoption in EP (644 for, 19 against)
- 14 April 2014: Formal adoption by the Council
- Mai 2014: Publication and entry into force 21 days later
- 1 January 2015: Date of application of the new Regulation



The new proposal: Two strategies to reduce emissions

- Prevent leakage and emissions
 - Emission prevention and leak checks -> Art. 2 6
 - Control of by-production -> Art. 7
 - End of life treatment of products and equipment -> Art. 8-9
 - Training and qualification -> Art. 10
 - Information for users (labelling, product infos) -> Art. 12
- Avoid the use of F-gases
 - Training and qualification
 - Ban on new applications -> Art. 11
 - Ban on uses -> Art. 13
 - Phase-down of HFC supply -> Art. 14 ff.





Overview Implementation 2014

Main Priority: Enabling a Smooth Start of the Phasedown in 2015!

- → Reference values, Quota Allocations
- → Registry
- → IA Reporting Format
- → Some Guidance Documents (e.g. quota allocation process, company reporting, FAQs...)
- → IA Labelling
- → Prep work on Training & Certification



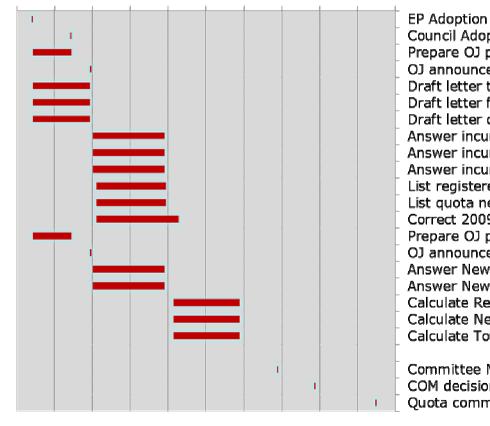


Establishing Quota Allocations



Allocation Process 2014

13.1^A 31.3.1^A 1.5.1^A 31.5.1^A 1.7.1^A 31.7.1^A 18.1^A 30.9.1^A 31.10.1^A 12.1^A



Council Adoption Prepare OJ publication OJ announcement Incumbents Draft letter to register incumbents Draft letter for declaration of incumbents Draft letter on exemption data Answer incumbents on registration Answer incumbents on declaration Answer incumbents on exemptions List registered company data (.xls) List quota need declared (.xls) Correct 2009-12 data Prepare OJ publication OJ announcement New Entrants Answer New Entrants on registration Answer New Entrants on declaration Calculate Reference Values Calculate New Entrants Quotas Calculate Total Quotas

Committee Meeting COM decision Reference values Quota communicated to companies





Priority 1: Quota Allocations

* Reporter Companies (Incumbents / Established Players) → Reference Value + "Top-up"

* New Entrants -> Quota from Reserve, on basis of <u>Declaration</u> and <u>Pro-Rata</u>





New Entrants Reserve

New market players apply for new market reserve, makes declaration:

11% of "maximum quantity" initially

1st round: Quota given to maximum ProRataShare

2nd round: All bidders not yet satisfied

Repeat until all satisfied or quantity <500t CO2eq.

From 2018: all companies bid in 1st round (incl. reporters)

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New Entrants Reserve

Declaration relative open, but

- → Quota has limited use
- Since tranfers are not allowed
- Autorisation only if gas is physically supplied

Hence having a quota from the reserve is useful only if you are dealing in bulk gases!





HFCs in pre-charged equipment

- ➤ Of the EU HFC demand, 11% is imported in pre-filled equipment, rising to 18% in 2030
- If not addressed, risk of circumvention of the phasedown!

<u>Solution:</u> Obligation to ensure that all HFCs quantities filled in equipment are "accounted for" under the EU phase-down

- Filling in the EU, or
- outside the EU, with HFCs bought in the EU, or
- from a non-EU HFC producer with own EU quota, or
- authorisation to use quota from a quota holder

Verification through declarations of conformity and audited reports





Setting up the Registry





Priority 1: Registry

- First functionality: communicate quotas to companies (end-2014)
 - Collection of company registration data, declarations and data on exemptions off-line
 - Calculation of Reference values and Quotas offline





Registry functions

Timing: Winter 2014

(1)Upload <u>company data</u> (incumbents + new entrants) & <u>quotas</u> from off-line xls-sheet (result of "workaround")

from 2015 onwards

- (2) INPUT TEMPLATE (remains open for any new players, equipment importers), asking for company data
- (3) Store Suppliers/Receivers of exempted gases imports for destruction, feedstock use, export, military use, semiconductor manufacture, MDIs
- (4) Store Equipment importers





Other Functionalities

from 2015 onwards

- Give access to national authorities incl. Customs to all company data & quota (import from ODS DB for MS contacts, registering for customs?)
- •Allow for transfers of quotas between registered companies -Track transfers





New reporting format



Good reporting data will be crucial!

<u>Policy impacts</u>: Yearly updates / Indicators
 Inform on market trends

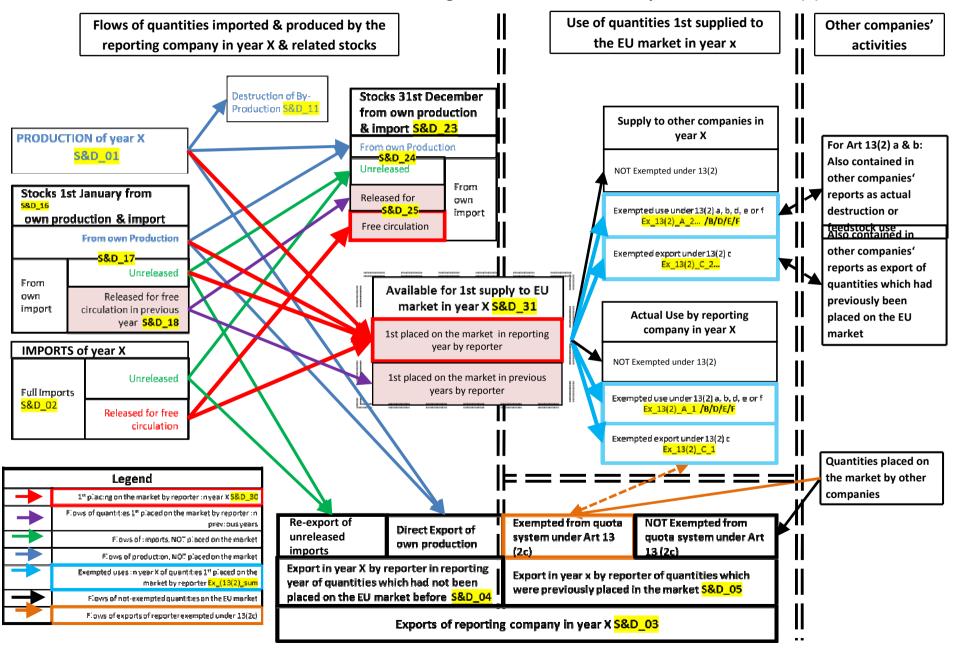
But also:

- Quota Allocation: after recalculation for 2018, based on **POM**!
- <u>Verification</u>: Quota use, gas imports inside equipment, exemptions etc.



Reporting of HFC flows in 2015 ff

Relevant for the determination of Placing on the market and exemptions under Art 13(2)





No	Contents	Reporting actors	Objective	Gases
1	Bulk 'supply & demand': Production, Import, Export, Feedstock use, Reclamation, Destruction + Stocks	P, I, E, FU, D	Quota system & market trends	All Annex I & Annex II [t]
2	Quota exemptions under Art 13(2)	P, I	Quota system	HFCs [t]
3	Intended applications	P, I	Market trends	All Annex I & Annex II [t]
4	Authorisations issued to equipment importers & Quota compliance calculation scheme	Quota holders	Quota system	HFCs [Co2-eq]
5	Bulk supplies by NER actors	P & I from NER only	Assure art. 18.2	HFCs [t]
	Imports of products and equipment	Eq-I	Quota system & market trends	All Annex I & Annex II [t]
7	Exports for precharging RAC equipment	Eq-I of RAC equipment	Covering gases in imported RAC equipment	HFCs [t]
8	Quota coverage equipment	Eq-I of RAC equipment	Covering gases in imported RAC equipment	HFCs [CO2-eq]





Peer Review

Will finish an updated version

Send to you for review...

Keep in mind these are conceptual designs only, the IT version in the BDR will be much more user-friendly:

→ intro sheet where company specifies what is relevant (e.g. for equipment importer), and will then only see that!

However, to build the IT version (2^{nd} half of year), we need to get the concept right! \rightarrow implementing act by September

Let's be constructive and make it as user friendly as possible!





Restrictions

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Proposed bans and their context

- 1. Addressing non-HFCs and by-production
 - Use bans for SF₆ in magnesium production
 - Recovery/Destruction of HFC-23 by-production
- 2. Steering the HFC phase-down
 - Ban to service existing equipment with high GWP HFCs,
 - Additional placing on the market bans for new equipment

Guiding principles:

- Existing equipment should not become obsolete
- Bans only when alternatives are available (= safe, energy efficient, economically viable)





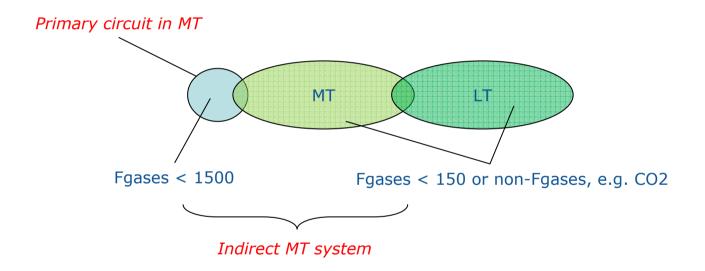
Some clarifications on bans

- Bans 10/11 include wine/beer/soda coolers
- GWP levels in bans 10/11 etc. not limited to refrigerants → also foams included
- AC movable (ban 14) includes window units
- Refrigeration does not include AC (service ban)
- Ban 12 (stationary refrigeration) includes the multipacks
- What are indirect cascade multipacks?

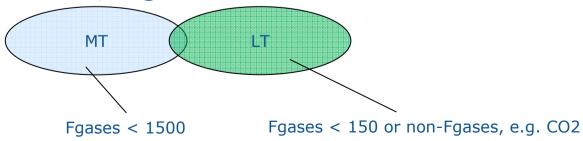




Cascade allowed, according to ban 13:



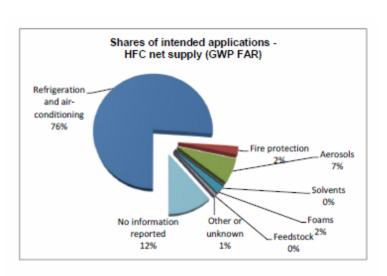
Cascade not allowed, e.g.:





A (personal) remark @ the end

- R404a is probably not cool anymore!
 - → Service ban applies from 2020
 - → There are more energy-efficient options with lower GWP
 - → PD step 2018 is 63%!







Looking forward





Reviews

ds 2016
rnatives 2017
2017
stems 2017
-Cs 2020
split AC 2020
effects,
need for further action, of alternatives in equipment 2022

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The international context

- ➤ The new EU F-gas Regulation demonstrates that ambitious measures on F-gases are feasible
- ➤ Increasing interest and demand for alternatives to HFCs are likely to trigger innovation and economies of scale also in other markets
- The agreement will result in a <u>more active role of</u> the <u>EU</u> in the negotiations on an HFC amendment under the Montreal Protocol





Current Thinking on Possible Status Changes

- Consumer Aerosols (non-medical & non-technical aerosols)
 - Change status for HFC-134a, HFC-227ea and HFC-125
 - Retain HFC-152a
- Various foam blowing end uses
 - Change status by foam type, generally HFC-134a and higher GWPs
- Commercial Refrigeration
 - Vending Machines and Stand-Alone Reach-In Coolers
 - Change the status for HFC-134a and HFC blends with higher GWPs
 - Multiplex Supermarket Systems
 - Change the status for R-507A, R-404A and other HFC blends with high GWPs
 - Retain R-407A , R407F, others
- Motor Vehicle Air Conditioning
 - Change the status for HFC-134a







To know more...



http://ec.europa.eu/clima/news/articles/news_2014031201_en.htm

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/fgas/legislation/docs/fluorinated greenhouse gases en.pdf

http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/f-gas/legislation/documentation_en.htm

